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- H01Q 1/38, (74) Agents: ROMEDAHL, Bengt et al.; Kransell & Wemborg AB, Box 27834, S-SE-115 93 Stockholm (SE).
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- (71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): ALL-GON AB [SE/SE]; P.O.Box 500, S-184 25 Åkersberga
- (72) Inventor; and
- (75) Inventor/Applicant (for US only): YIDONG HU, Annika [CN/SE]; Bivägen 103, S-184 38 Åkersberga (SE).

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(54) Title: A WIDEBAND MULTIBAND INTERNAL ANTENNA DEVICE AND A PORTABLE RADIO COMMUNICATION ...

DEVICE COMPRISING SUCH AN ANTENNA DEVICE 5

(57) Abstract: The invention relates to a problem with how to achieve a wideband. multiband internal antenna device. This is ob-tained by providing an antenna device that radiates in at least two frequency bands, comprising a first and a second frequency band, comprising: an essentially planar radiating conductive element (3) comprising a first and a second portion, wherein said first portion radiates essentially in the first frequency band and the second portion radiates essentially in the second frequency band, wherein said first and second portions: are generally rectangular, essentially orthogonal to each other and have a common portion, whereby a wide first frequency band is provided.

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A WIDEBAND MULTIBAND INTERNAL ANTENNA DEVICE AND A PORTABLE RADIO COMMUNICATION DEVICE COMPRISING SUCH AN ANTENNA DEVICE

5 FIELD OF INVENTION

The present invention relates generally to an internal planar antenna device in radio communication and more particularly to a wideband multiband internal planar antenna for a radio communication device such as a mobile telephone adapted for use with at least two frequency bands.

BACKGROUND

In recent years, mobile telephones have become increasingly popular. At present time, mobile systems in different places in the world utilize different frequency bands for radio communication. Some widely used systems are AMPS (Advanced Mobile Phone Service), GSM 900 (Global System for Mobile communications), DCS 1800 (Digital Cellular System) and PCS 1900 (Personal Communications Services). Several solutions exist where combinations of frequency bands are used in one telephone.

It is often desirable to provide a telephone that operates in a plurality of systems. It is also desirable to provide an antenna that is as small as possible in order to make it possible to provide a very compact telephone.

Protruding antennae are frequently used in mobile telephones, however it is difficult to achieve a compact telephone with a protruding antenna. Such an antenna can also be experienced as annoying if it gets entangled in a pocket .. 10

for example. Therefore it is desirable with integral antennae, in connection with mobile telephones.

In EP 0892459 it is described how to tune a planar antenna with two resonance frequencies to desirable frequencies.
5 This is achieved by switching between different tuning elements. Thereby it is possible to provide access to four different radio communication systems.

A drawback with this solution is that it is necessary to switch between different tuning elements to tune the antenna to the desired frequency, where the switching requires complex technical solutions and the switching takes time.

Through US 5926139 it is disclosed how to use a planar antenna in two frequency bands. Two radiating portions are connected to a common feeding portion. Together the three portions have an overall configuration shaped generally like the letter J. The antenna operates in the frequency bands 824-896 and 1850-1990 MHz.

A drawback with this solution is that the lower frequency 20 band is narrow.

It is generally known that it is difficult to provide a planar antenna for dual band where the lower of the two bands covers both GSM 900 and AMPS operating frequencies.

A further frequency band is the 2.4 GHz band, which is utilized in Bluetooth applications.

OBJECTS OF THE INVENTION

An object of the present invention is to provide an antenna device that operates in at least two frequency bands, where

the lowest frequency band is sufficiently wide without need of different tuning elements.

Another object of the present invention is to provide an antenna device of the kind initially mentioned that is compact and internal in a mobile telephone.

A further object of the present invention is to provide a compact antenna, which is easy and cost effective to produce.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The invention is based on the realisation that it is possible to provide an internal antenna that operates in a wide lower frequency band and in a higher frequency band.

The above mentioned objects among others are, according to the invention, attained by an antenna device and by a portable radio communication device as claimed in the appended claims.

According to the present invention there is provided an antenna device as defined in claim 1.

There is also provided an antenna device according to the present invention as defined in claim 14.

There is further provided a portable radio communication device according to the present invention as defined in claim 18.

Further advantages are achieved by features defined in the 25 dependent claims.

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BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS

The present invention will become more fully understood from the detailed description of embodiments of the present invention given hereinbelow and the accompanying figures, which are given by way of illustration only, and thus are not limitative of the invention, in which:

Fig. 1 shows an antenna device according to the invention,

Fig. 2 shows an embodiment with an additional antenna for short-range communication, and

10 Fig. 3 shows an exploded view of a portable radio communication device with an antenna device according to the invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

In the following description, for purposes of explanation
and not limitation, specific details are set fourth, such as
particular hardware, applications, techniques, etc. in order
to provide a thorough understanding of the present invention. However, it will be apparent to one skilled in the art
that the present invention may be utilized in other embodiments that depart from these specific details. In other instances, detailed descriptions of well-known methods, protocols, apparatuses, and circuits are omitted so as not to obscure the description of the present invention with unnecessary details.

25 Reference will now be made to Fig. 1, wherein an antenna device for a mobile telephone is shown, where a planar antenna is utilized to provide wideband multiband frequency coverage. The antenna device comprises a single planar radiating element 3, having a first and a second portion, which are shaped like two orthogonal generally rectangular elements with a portion in common. This gives the antenna a general shape of the capital letter L. The first portion, generally enclosed by a dotted line 8 and extending vertically in the figure, resonates essentially in a first, lower frequency band, and the second portion, generally enclosed by a dotted line 7 and extending horizontally in the figure, resonates essentially in a second, higher frequency band.

In order to reduce the length of the second portion a slit 5 is provided, where the slit has a first part that is approximately 45 degrees angular to an edge of the second portion and a second part that is essentially parallel to the edge of the second portion. With the slit 5 provided it is possible to achieve a desired resonance frequency with an overall length that is shorter than a quarter of a wavelength, which is convenient to achieve the desired resonance frequency when a grounding element is utilized.

A grounding element is connected, at a point 1, to the radiating element 3 at a corner of the common portion and is connectable to a ground element 4. The ground element 4 is in a plane different from a plane of the radiating element 3. A feeding element is connected, at a point 2, to the radiating element 3 at an edge of the first radiating portion, at a distance d of approximately 15 mm from the grounding element, and is connectable to a transceiver circuit (not shown).

The grounding element could be connected to an edge of the 30 radiating element 3 instead of to a corner. The feeding element would in this case still be connected to the radi-

ating element 3 at an edge of the first portion, at a distance d of approximately 15 mm from the grounding element.

The feeding element could be connected to a notch in the edge of the radiating element 3 in the embodiments described above.

In order to describe an alternative embodiment according to the present invention reference is made to Fig. 2. An antenna device for a mobile telephone is shown, where two (a first and a second) planar antennae are utilized to provide wideband multiband frequency coverage. The first planar antenna has a radiating element 3 with dual band coverage, where a lower frequency band and a middle frequency band are provided. The second planar antenna has a radiating element 6 with single band coverage, where a higher frequency band is provided.

The first planar antenna is as described above. The second planar antenna has a resonance frequency with sufficient bandwidth so that it is possible to utilize in Bluetooth applications. The second planer antenna utilizes the same ground element as the first planar antenna. It can utilize the same transceiver unit as the first planar antenna or a separate transceiver unit whichever is preferred. It is due to the unique shape of the first planar antenna that it is possible to provide the second planar antenna for Bluetooth applications and still get a compact antenna.

The first frequency band mentioned above is about 824-960 MHz (AMPS and GSM 900), said second frequency band is about 1710-1880 MHz (DCS 1800) or 1880-1990 MHz (DCS 1900), and said third frequency band is about 2400-2500 MHz (Bluetooth).

A portable radio communication device will be described with reference to Fig. 3. The portable radio communication device has a housing that encapsulates an antenna 9, wherein the antenna can be any of previously mentioned antenna devices.

Radiating elements described herein is to be interpreted as elements that can both receive and/or transmit radio frequency radiation.

It will be obvious that the invention may be varied in a plurality of ways. Such variations are not to be regarded as a departure from the scope of the invention. All such modifications as would be obvious to one skilled in the art are intended to be included within the scope of the appended claims.

CLAIMS

- 1. An antenna device for transmitting and/or receiving RF radiation in at least two separate frequency bands, comprising a first and a second frequency band, comprising:
 - an essentially planar radiating conductive element (3) comprising a first and a second portion, wherein said first portion radiates essentially in the first frequency band and the second portion radiates essentially in the second frequency band,
- a feeding element connected (2) to said radiating conductive element (3) and connectable to a transceiver circuit, and
- a grounding element connected (1) to said radiating conductive element (3) and connectable to a ground element
 (4),

characterised in that

- said first and second portions are generally rectangular,
 20 essentially orthogonal to each other and have a common
 portion, whereby a wide first frequency band is provided.
 - The antenna device according to claim 1, wherein the second frequency band is higher than the first frequency band.
- 25 3. The antenna device according to any of the preceding claims, wherein the second portion comprises a slit (5).

- 4. The antenna device according to any of the preceding claims, wherein the first frequency band is about 824-960 MHz.
- 5. The antenna device according to any of the preceding claims, wherein the grounding element is connected (1) to the radiating conductive element (3) at a corner of said common portion.
- 6. The antenna device according to any of the preceding claims, wherein the feeding element is connected (2) to the radiating conductive element (3) at an edge of said second portion.
- 7. The antenna device according to any of claim 1 to 4 or 6, wherein the grounding element is connected to the radiating conductive element (3) at an edge of said radiating element.
- 8. The antenna device according to any of the preceding claims, wherein the first and second portions together have the general shape of the capital letter L.
- The antenna device according to any of claims 3 to
 8, wherein the slit (5) is open at one end thereof.
 - 10. The antenna device according to any of claims 3 to 9, wherein the slit (5) is partially parallel to an edge of said second portion.
- 11. The antenna device according to any of claims 3 to 10, wherein a part of the slit (5) is 45 degrees angular to an edge of said second portion.
 - 12. The antenna device according to any of the preceding claims, further comprising:

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- a second essentially planar radiating conductive element
 (6), which radiates in a third frequency band,
- a second feeding element connected to said second essentially planar radiating conductive element and connectable to a transceiver circuit, and
 - a second grounding element connected to said second essentially planar radiating conductive element and connectable to said ground element (4)..
- 13. The antenna device according to claim 12, wherein the second essentially planar radiating conductive element (6) is at least partly located within a frame, which is limited by a general rectangular shape that circumscribes the first essentially planar radiating conductive element (3), but which does not overlap the first essentially planar radiating conductive element (3).
 - 14. An antenna device for transmitting and/or receiving RF radiation in three separate frequency bands, namely a first, a second, and a third frequency band, comprising:
- a first essentially planar radiating conductive element

 (3) comprising a first and a second portion, wherein said first portion radiates essentially in the first frequency band and the second portion radiates essentially in the second frequency band,
- a first feeding element connected (2) to said first radiating conductive element (3) and connectable to a transceiver circuit,

a first grounding element connected (1) to said first radiating conductive element (3) and connectable to a ground element (4),

characterised in that

5

- said first and second portions are generally rectangular, essentially orthogonal to each other and have a common portion, whereby a wide first frequency band is provided,
- and wherein the antenna device comprises a second essentially planar radiating conductive element (6), which radiates in the third frequency band,
 - a second feeding element connected to said second essentially planar radiating conductive element (6) and connectable to the transceiver circuit, and
- 15 a second grounding element connected to said second essentially planar radiating conductive element (6) and connectable to said ground element (4).
 - 15. The antenna device according to claim 14, wherein the first frequency band is the lowest frequency band.
- 20 16. The antenna device according to any of claim 14 or 15, wherein the first frequency band is about 824-960 MHz.
 - 17. The antenna device according to any of claims 14, to have the third frequency band is about 2400-2500 MHz.
 - 18. A portable radio communication device comprising:
- 25 a housing,

an antenna in the housing,

characterised in that

 the antenna comprises an antenna device according to any of the preceding claims.

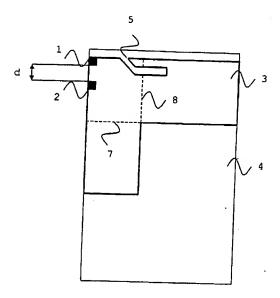


FIG. 1

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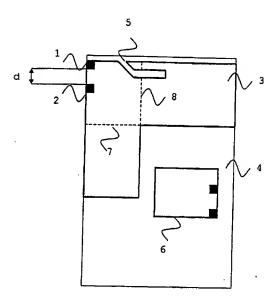
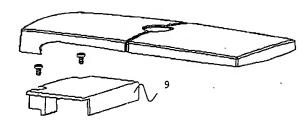


FIG. 2



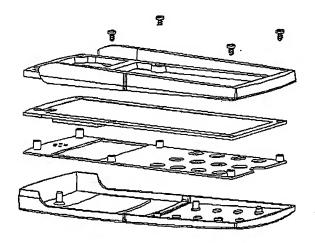


FIG. 3

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

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